



WIN Water Inline Ultrasonic Flow Meter with LCD

Installation & Operating Manual

SAFETY INFORMATION

This meter was calibrated at the factory before shipment. To ensure correct use of the meter, please read this manual thoroughly.

Regarding this Manual:

- This manual should be passed on to the end user.
- Before use, read this manual thoroughly to comprehend its contents.
- The contents of this manual may be changed without prior notice.
- All rights reserved. No part of this manual may be reproduced in any form without AW-Lake's written permission.
- AW-Lake makes no warranty of any kind with regard to this material, including, but not limited to, implied warranties of merchantability and suitability for a particular purpose.
- All reasonable effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of the contents of this manual. However, if any errors are found, please inform AW-Lake.
- AW-Lake assumes no responsibilities for this product except as stated in the warranty.
- If the customer or any third party is harmed by the use of this product, AW-Lake assumes
 no responsibility for any such harm owing to any defects in the product which were not
 predictable, or for any indirect damages.

Safety Precautions:

The following general safety precautions must be observed during all phases of installation, operation, service, and repair of this product. Failure to comply with these precautions or with specific WARNINGS given elsewhere in this manual violates safety standards of design, manufacture, and intended use of the product. AW-Lake assumes no liability for the customer's failure to comply with these requirements. If this product is used in a manner not specified in this manual, the protection provided by this product may be impaired.

The following symbols are used in this manual:



WARNING

Messages identified as "Warning" contain information regarding the personal safety of individuals involved in the installation, operation or service of this product.



CAUTION

Messages identified as "Caution" contain information regarding potential damage to the product or other ancillary products.



IMPORTANT NOTE

Messages identified as "Important Note" contain information critical to the proper operation of the product.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION 1.0: Introduction	4
1.1 Purpose of this Guide	4
1.2 Typical WIN Ultrasonic Flow Meter	4
1.3 Standard Features and Specifications	4
1.4 Working Environment	6
1.5 Serial Number	6
SECTION 2.0: Unpacking	
2.1 Checking that You have Received Everything	6
SECTION 3.0: Installation	7
3.1 Site Selection	7
3.2 Installing the Flow Sensor	7
3.3 Remote Mounting the Enclosure	
3.4 Power and Signal Wiring Connections	
CECTION 4.0. WIN Chart He and Commissioning	45
SECTION 4.0: WIN Start-Up and Commissioning	
4.1 Meter Start-Up	
4.1.1 Operating Mode Display Pages	
4.1.2 Additional Display Pages	
4.2 Commissioning	
4.2.1 Commissioning Following Initial Power-up	18
SECTION 5.0: Diagnostic Functions	22
SECTION 6.0: MODBUS	30
6.1 MODBUS Memory Map	31
6.2 Diagnostic Function Code	
6.3 Report Slave ID Function Code	
Section 7.0: Auxiliary Inputs and Outputs	26
7.1 Determining Auxiliary Input and Output Configuration	
7.1 Determining Auxiliary Input and Output Configuration	
7.3 Auxiliary Outputs	
8.3.1 Pulse Outputs	
7.4 Analog Output	38
APPENDIX A	
A-1 WIN Flow Wiring Diagram	
A-2 Changing Meter Programming after Commissioning	39
A-3 Selecting the Right Meter & Calculating Pressure Loss	39

SECTION 1.0: INTRODUCTION

1.1 PURPOSE OF THIS GUIDE

The purpose of this guide is to provide installation and commissioning procedures, and basic operating and servicing instructions for the AW-Lake WIN Ultrasonic flow meter with optional LCD display.

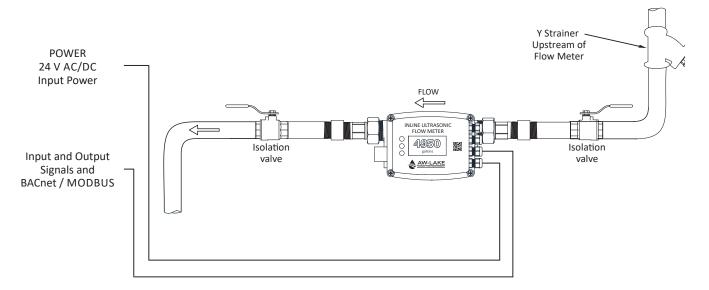


WARNING

Only qualified service personnel should attempt to install or service this product. Serious injury may result from the improper installation or use of this product.

1.2 TYPICAL WIN ULTRASONIC FLOW METER

The WIN inline flow meter utilizes direct path wetted ultrasonic transducers for measuring the volumetric flow and temperature of liquids in a wide variety of applications. The meter is provided with a detachable enclosure with a built-in user interface/display.



1.3 STANDARD FEATURES AND SPECIFICATIONS

- Detachable enclosure with alphanumeric display and user interface
- Three 2-wire signal ports can be configured as pulse input or outputs. One of the ports can be configured as an analog output.

FLOW ACCURACY

± 1% of reading over 25:1 turndown ± 2% of reading over 100:1 turndown Repeatability: ≤ ± 0.2%

OVERALL FLOW RANGE

500:1 turndown

SENSING METHOD

Direct beam path wetted ultrasonic sensors utilizing differential transit time velocity measurement

METER SIZES (Nominal diameter in inches)

½, ¾, 1, 1¼, 1½, 2 and 2½

PIPING SYSTEM CONNECTIONS

Male NPT threads 2½" meter provided with ANSI Class 150 raised face flanges Optional PN16 or ANSI Class 300 raised face flanges

FLUID TEMPERATURE RANGE

32° F to 250° F

AMBIENT TEMPERATURE RANGE

-13° F to 131° F

MAXIMUM OPERATING PRESSURE

400 PSI

PRESSURE DROP

Less than 1 PSI at 4 ft/sec, decreasing at lower velocities

POWER SUPPLY REQUIREMENTS

12-36 VAC, 50/60 Hz, 5 VA maximum 12-42 VDC, 5 W maximum

PULSE INPUTS, OUTPUTS, and ANALOG OUTPUT

The three 2-wire signal ports can be configured as pulse inputs or outputs. One of the ports can be configured as an analog output.

Isolated totalizing pulse inputs for use with sinking open collector or dry contact outputs

Input rating: 30 VDC, 10 mA maximum Pulse duration: 50 ms minimum

Isolated totalizing solid state contact closure pulse outputs may be

programmed for energy, volume, alarm indication or coil indication

(MODBUS RTU only) Contact ratings: 50 mA, 30 V

Contact pulse duration: 50, 100, 500 or 1000 ms (500ms default)

Analog 4-20 mA, 0-5 V or 0-10 V output for flow rate or temperature

NETWORK CONNECTION

Isolated RS485 serial interface

COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL

MODBUSR RTU

NETWORK CONFIGURATION & ADDRESSING

Baud Rates: 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 76800, or 115200 Device Address Range: 1 – 255 (1 - 247 MODBUS) Parity: None, Even, Odd (MODBUS RTU only)

APPROVALS

FCC: Part 15, Subpart B
CE
Conforms to ANSI/NSF 61 & 372
BTL Certified to ASHRAE 135:2009

NOTE: Specifications subject to change without notice

1.4 WORKING ENVIRONMENT

The WIN Ultrasonic Flow Meter with optional LCD display was designed for installation and use indoors or outdoors in protected spaces, or in residential, commercial and light industrial environments that are free of corrosive liquids and fumes, temperature extremes and excess vibration.

The operating ambient air temperature range is -13° F to 131° F. The electrical power should be relatively clean, free of excess high frequency noise and large voltage transients.

1.5 SERIAL NUMBER

Serial Number

The serial number of your WIN meter is located on the side of the enclosure. The serial number is a unique identifier for the product. Please have this number available when contacting AW-Lake for assistance.

SECTION 2.0: UNPACKING

The WIN meter is generally shipped in one package unless optional hardware or equipment is ordered. Notify the freight carrier and AW-Lake if any items are damaged in transit.

2.1 CHECKING THAT YOU HAVE RECEIVED EVERYTHING

The following items have been provided with your WIN Flow Meter:

Two line size process connection meter couplings* with male NPT threads and sealing gaskets (shipped attached to meter)

One WIN Meter Installation and Operation Guide

One WIN Meter Certificate of Calibration

One Remote Mount Bracket

Please notify AW-Lake if any of these items are missing.

*NOTE: The 2½" version of the meter is provided with flanges.

SECTION 3.0: INSTALLATION

The WIN Flow Meter should be installed by experienced plumbers, electricians, and others with related knowledge and experience in the heating, cooling, and fluid metering fields. AW-Lake technical support personnel are available via telephone or e-mail to provide technical assistance before, during and after installation. On-site field engineering, installation, and service are also available at an additional cost. The installer should use good trade practices and must adhere to all state and local building, or other, applicable codes.

Before you begin, clean the external surfaces of all pipes at the installation site so that it is free of debris, foreign matter, solids, leak inhibitors, and chemically aggressive substances. Flush the entire system so that it is free of flux, solder, pipe and tube cuttings and any other free moving debris.

3.1 SITE SELECTION

Careful attention to the site selection for the meter will help the installers with the initial installation, reduce start-up problems, and make future maintenance easier. For example, do not install the meter where it will be difficult for personnel to perform periodic maintenance. When selecting a site, consider the criteria under Section 1.4: WORKING ENVIRONMENT, as well as the information below.

The following limitations apply to the installation of the meter:

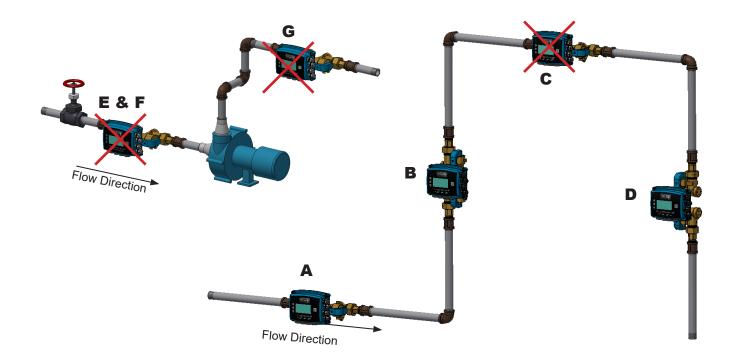
- The flow meter must be correctly oriented with respect to the direction of flow in the pipe. Meters installed with reversed flow will not function.
- The WIN meter is provided with a 4.9 ft (1.5 m) cable for the detachable enclosure. Do not alter this cable length. Doing so will void the calibration and may invalidate the warranty.
- The maximum operating pressure for the flow meter is 400 psi.
- At fluid temperatures above 212° F, the enclosure should be remote mounted.
- Do not install the meter in close proximity to strong sources of electromagnetic interference (e.g. electric motors, VFD's, fluorescent light fixtures, etc.)

3.2 INSTALLING THE FLOW SENSOR

Before you install the meter, the entire piping system should be flushed and free of debris. Please refer to the diagrams on the following page when selecting the installation location. Upstream straight unobstructed pipe requirements vary considerably based on nature of the upstream obstructions. As a general rule, AW-Lake recommends a minimum of 10 diameters of straight unobstructed pipe whenever possible; keeping in mind that it is always recommended that the meter be located with as much straight pipe upstream as possible. Recommended minimum straight run requirements are provided on the following page.

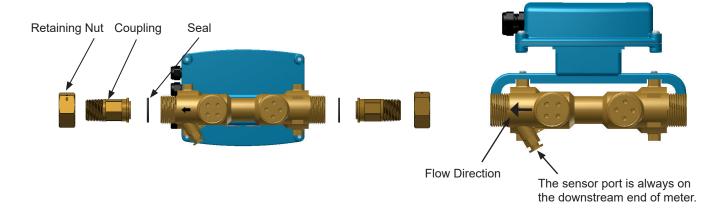
STRAIGHT RUN REQUIREMENTS

		Minimum Upstream Straight Run Required (Pipe Diameters		
Upstream Obstruction		Meter Size		
		0.5 - 1.0"	1.25 - 2.5"	
	Single Elbow	0	0	
	Expander / Reducer	0	0	
Coil, Upstream		3	3	
Isolation Valve, 2 Position		3	5	
Control Valve		10	15	
Notes:				
1	Straight run is based on use of manufacturer provided couplings			
2	Avoid the following obstructions where possible: Modulating valves, pump discharge, multiple elbows out of plane.			



- A. This is a recommended position for the flow sensor.
- B. This is a recommended position for the flow sensor.
- C. Avoid installation locations where air can become trapped in the piping system.
- D. This is an acceptable installation location for closed loop pressurized systems.
- E. Do not install the sensor downstream of modulating valves or partially open valves. Fully open isolation valves (e.g. ball valves) are OK.
- F. Do not install the flow sensor at the inlet of a pump. To prevent cavitation, the minimum operating pressure at the inlet of the meter must always exceed the pressure drop across the meter. Refer to Appendix A-3 for calculating pressure the drop at different flow rates.
- G. Avoid installing the meter downstream of multiple bends out of plane with each other where there are less than 10 diameters of straight unobstructed pipe between bends.

The flow sensor is installed with threaded meter couplings and flat sealing gaskets as shown below. Orient the sensor body by aligning the flow direction arrow with the direction of flow in the pipe.

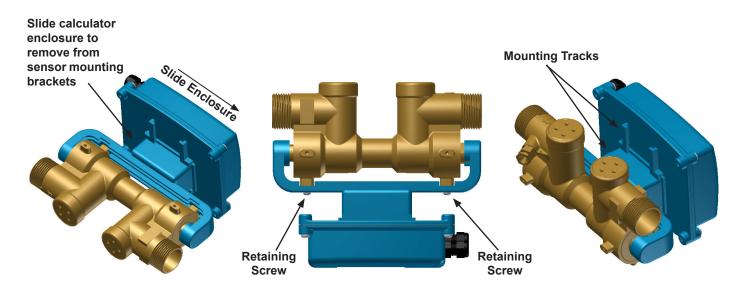




IMPORTANT NOTE

The flow sensor body must be correctly oriented with respect to the direction of flow in the pipe. Meters installed with flow in the reverse direction will not function.

For $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$ meter sizes the calculator enclosure may be rotated around the axis of the flow sensor into three different positions. To rotate, temporarily slide the enclosure off the flow sensor mounting brackets. Remove the two retaining screws and reposition the mounting brackets as required. Reinstall the enclosure with the display properly oriented for viewing. Mounting tracks on the back of the enclosure allow for mounting in any orientation.



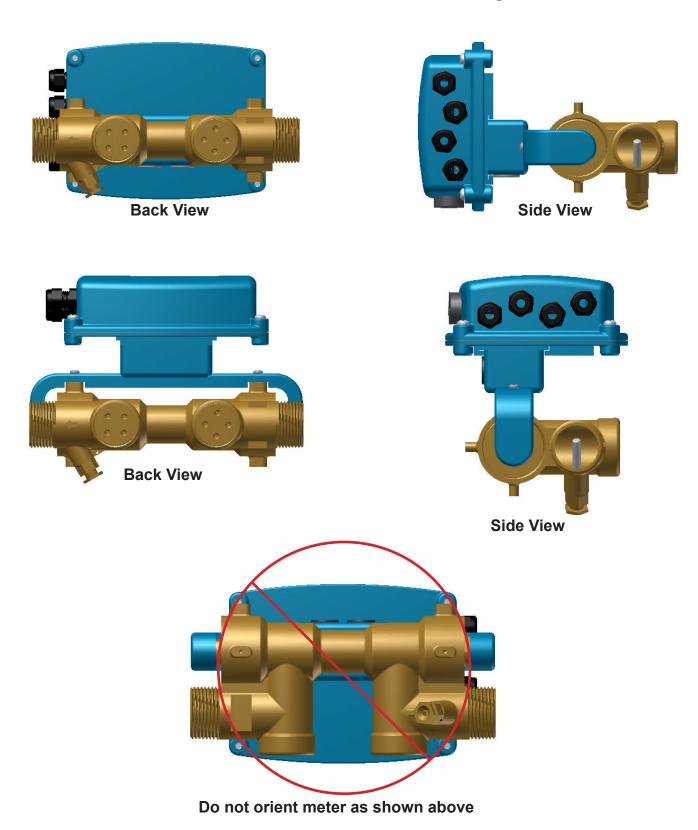


IMPORTANT NOTE

When installing the meter in a vertical pipe with upward flow, you must rotate the enclosure back plate 180° when rotating the display 90°. To accomplish this, temporarily remove the 4 cover screws and rotate the backing plate.

Orient the $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$ meters as shown below. The meter may be installed with upward or downward flow in vertical pipes in closed loop pressurized systems. Avoid any installation locations where the pipe may not be completely full.

Preferred Orientation for Horizontal Housing



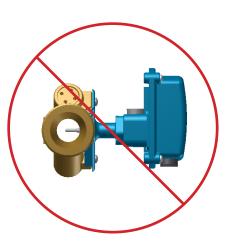
Orient the 1¼ - 2½" meters as shown below. The meter may be installed with upward or downward flow in vertical pipes in closed loop pressurized systems. Avoid any installation locations where the pipe may not be completely full.

Preferred Orientation for Horizontal Housing





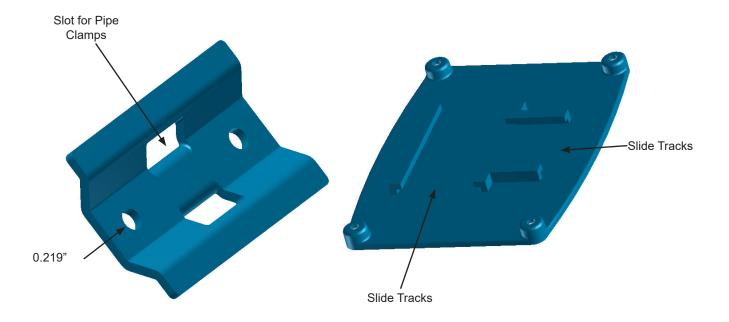




Do not orient meter as shown above

3.3 REMOTE MOUNTING THE ENCLOSURE

The WIN meter with display is provided with a mounting bracket and the cables required for remote mounting the enclosure. The cable is 4.9 ft (1.5 m) in length. This cable length must not be altered. The remote mounting bracket is shown below. It has two 0.219" mounting holes designed to accommodate #10 screws. It also has parallel slots that allow for the use of pipe clamps when mounting the enclosure on a stanchion or pipe. The bracket may be used as a template for marking locations for holes.



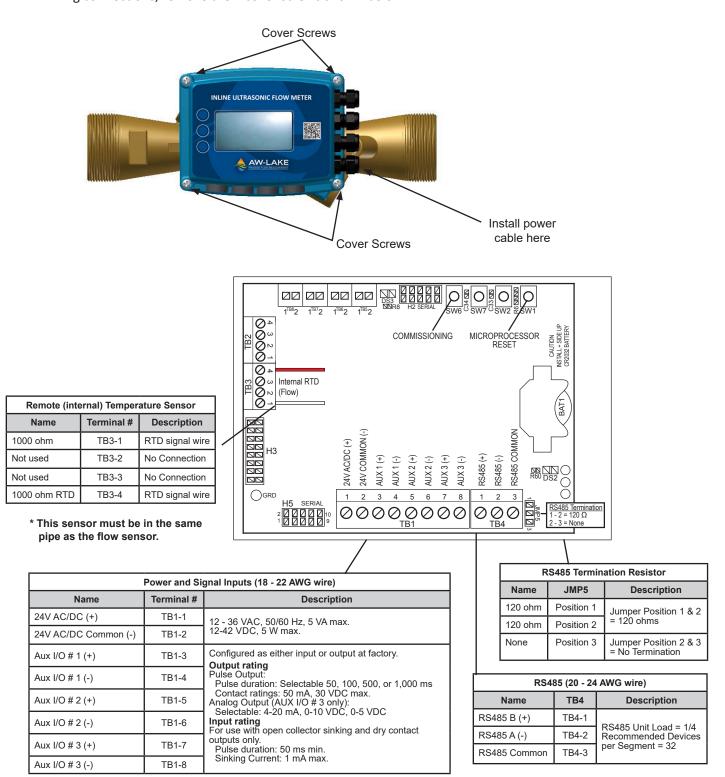


IMPORTANT NOTE

Open isolation valves, leak test and purge the piping system of air prior to wiring the meter.

3.4 POWER AND SIGNAL WIRING CONNECTIONS

The WIN meter is provided with 4 glands on the right hand side of the enclosure for power and signal cables. Each includes a strain relief for securing the cabling and a sealing cap. The power cable should enter the enclosure through the bottom gland. Do not remove the sealing caps from unused cable glands. To access the wiring connections, remove the 4 cover screws shown below.

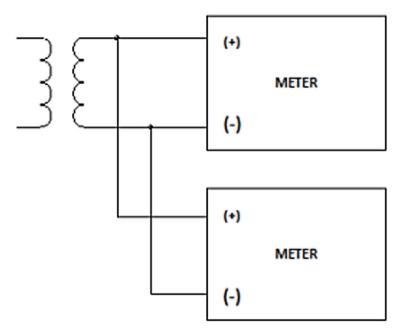




WARNING

A short can exist if multiple WIN LCD meters are powered by one transformer. This could permanently damage the meters. To avoid this, all of the same legs of the transformer must be connected to all the positive (+) inputs of the meters and the other legs must be connected to all the negative (-) inputs.

If one leg of the transformer is earth grounded, that should be connected to the negative (-) inputs. Refer to the below diagram for an example of a correct hook up.

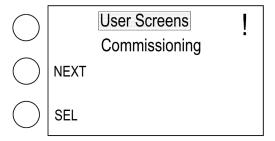


Correct Connection of Multiple Meters

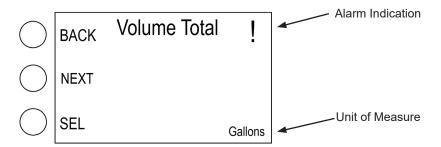
SECTION 4.0: WIN START-UP AND COMMISSIONING

4.1 START-UP

When power is first applied to the meter the display will be illuminated and the following start screen will appear. Momentarily press SEL (select) to access the operating mode (User Screens) display pages.

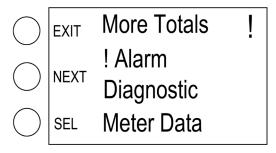


Verify that the meter is functional by stepping through the display pages and confirming the flow rate and temperature data is within expected norms. Momentarily press NEXT or BACK to change the displayed page. A complete list of the display pages is provided on the following page.

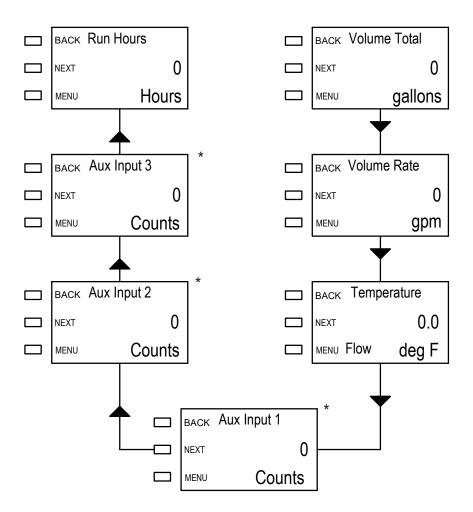


When reviewing the displayed data, note the factory programmed engineering units on each display page (e.g. gallons, gpm, °F). Note any changes that may be necessary. These will need to be made during commissioning.

To return to the commissioning mode from the user screens, momentarily press MENU. The following page will appear. Momentarily press EXIT to return to the start screen.



Operating Mode

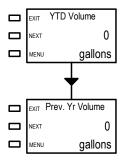


^{*} Will only appear if Aux I/O was configured at factory for pulse input.

4.1.2 Additional Display Pages



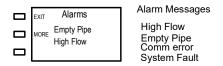
More Totals



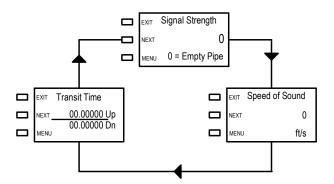
YTD Volume Total resets at 12:01 AM on January 1st

Prev. Yr Volume Total updates at 12:01 AM on January 1st

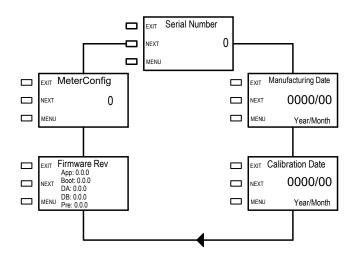
Alarms



Diagnostics



Meter Data



4.2 COMMISSIONING

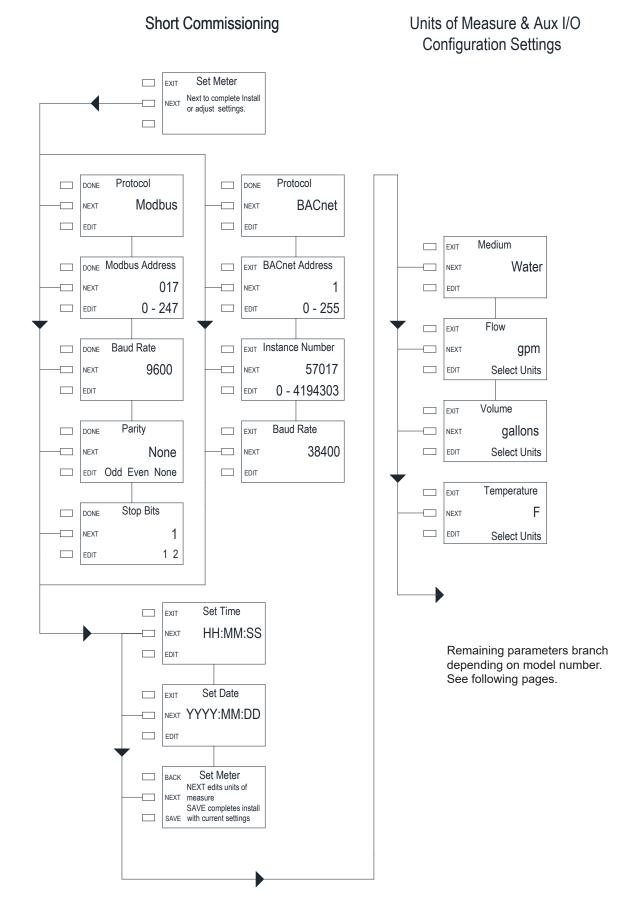
The last step in the installation process is commissioning the meter. Commissioning is a 2 step process. The first step is to review the mechanical installation to confirm that the flow meter is properly located in the piping system. The second step is a review of the meter program settings. Both steps must be completed in order to finish the installation. A simple commissioning checklist is shown below.

Commissioning Checklist

Part 1	Mechanical installation
	Confirm that the flow sensor is properly located in the piping system (Sec. $3.1 \& 3.2$).
	Confirm that the flow sensor is properly oriented with respect to flow direction (Sec. 3.2).
Part 2	Programming
	Verify that the Units of Measure Settings in the meter are correct (Sec. 4.1).
	Confirm that there are no alarm indications and the meter is functional (Sec. 4.1.2).

4.2.1 Commissioning Following Initial Power-up

During initial power-up, the following display pages will appear when the commissioning option is selected. The settings shown on the following page allow the installer to set MODBUS® or BACnet® parameters, and the date and time. If the factory pre-programmed engineering units for flow and temperature are correct, press SAVE to exit commissioning once the correct date has been set. Momentarily press NEXT if you wish access the remaining commissioning mode display pages as shown.

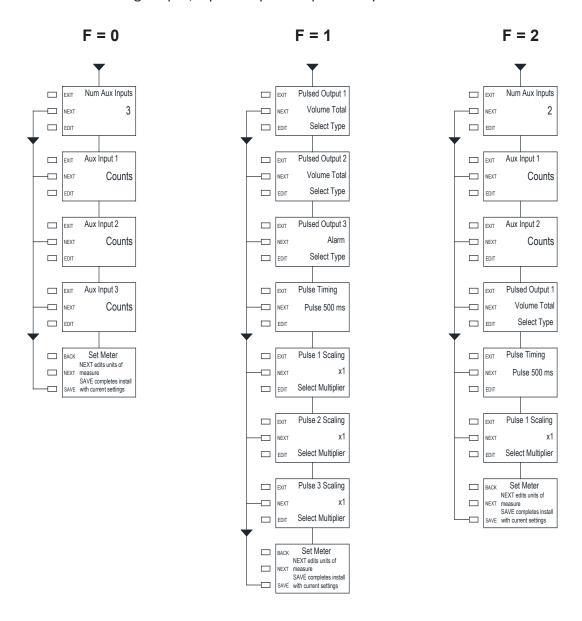


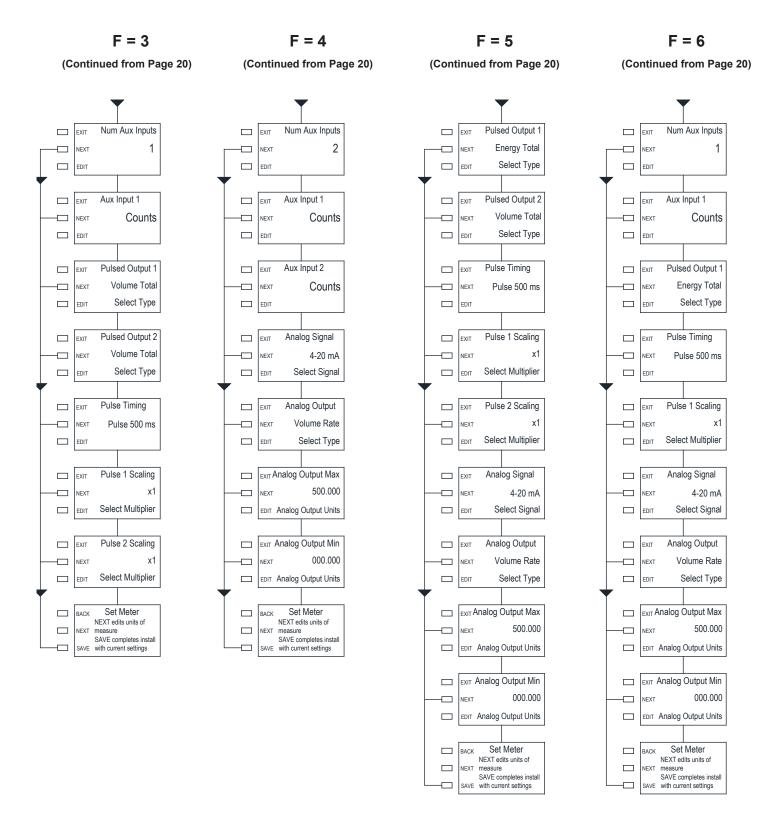
To determine how the auxiliary inputs and outputs are configured on your WIN, reference the model number string of your meter:

Meter Model Number Coding = WIN-AAA-BCD-EFG

F = Analog & Pulse Input / Output Configuration (Not field configurable)

- 0 = 3 pulse inputs
- 1 = 3 pulse outputs
- 2 = 2 pulse inputs & 1 pulse output
- 3 = 1 pulse input & 2 pulse outputs
- 4 = 1 analog output & 2 pulse inputs
- 5 = 1 analog output & 2 pulse outputs
- 6 = 1 analog output, 1 pulse input & 1 pulse output





SECTION 5.0: DIAGNOSTIC FUNCTIONS

The WIN Ultrasonic Flow Meter has self diagnostic functions that continually monitor key operating parameters. A list of the alarm messages is shown below.

Displayed Message	Description
System Fault	System Fault is displayed with an error code. This message indicates a hardware malfunction. The meter will not calculate energy in this state.
Reverse Flow	Flow is reversed through the meter. The meter will not calculate energy in this state.
Signal Fault	This is a warning message that the flow signal is weak. It may indicate entrained air in the flow stream.
Empty Pipe	The pipe is empty
Low Flow	The flow reading is below the minimum flow threshold of the meter (e.g. 0.03 gpm for $\frac{1}{2}$ " meter). The meter will not calculate energy in this state.
High Flow	This is a warning message that the flow reading is above the maximum flow rate of the meter (e.g. 15 gpm for $\frac{1}{2}$ " meter).

SECTION 6.0: MODBUS

MODBUS° serial interface connections are connected at terminal block TB4.

Transceiver: 2-wire, half-duplex (1/4 unit load) MODBUS* Address Range: 1 - 247 (Default: 017)

Data Format: 8 bit

Stop Bits: 1

Parity: None (Default), Odd, or Even

Byte Order: ABCD

Baud Rate: 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 76800 or 115200 (Default: 9600)

Termination: Jumper selectable 120Ω resistor (See page 15)

Biasing: None

Engineering Units	Abbreviation	Engineering Units	Abbreviation	
Volume R	ate (Flow)	Volume Total		
Gallons per minute	GPM	Gallons	Gal	
Liters per second	L/s	Liters	Liters	
Cubic feet per minute	fT³/min	Cubic Feet	ft³	
Cubic meters per hour	m³/hr	Cubic Meters	m³	
Tempe	erature			
Degrees Fahrenheit	°F			
Degrees Celsius	°C			
Velocity (Flow velocity	, Fluid speed of sound)			
Feet per second	ft/s			
Meters per second	m/s			

Function Codes Supported:
01 - Read Coil(s)
02 - Read Discreet Input(s)
03 - Read Holding Register(s)
04 - Read Input Register(s)
05 - Write Single Coil
06 - Write Single Register
08 - Diagnostic
15 - Write Multiple Coils
16 - Write Multiple Registers
17 - Report Slave ID

6.1 MODBUS MEMORY MAP

Register Address	Description	Register Type	Data Range	Over Range	Read/Write	Comments
4	Reset User Defined Volume Total	Coil	NA	NA	Read/Write	Turn coil ON (1) to reset total on WIN Turn coil to OFF (0)once reset is complete
7	Reset Aux Input Total - Input 1	Coil	NA	NA	Read/Write	Turn coil ON (1) to reset total on WIN Turn coil to OFF (0)once reset is complete
8	Reset Aux Input Total - Input 2	Coil	NA	NA	Read/Write	Turn coil ON (1) to reset total on WIN Turn coil to OFF (0)once reset is complete
9	Reset Aux Input Total - Input 3	Coil	NA	NA	Read/Write	Turn coil ON (1) to reset total on WIN Turn coil to OFF (0)once reset is complete
10	Reset Aux Input Total - All Inputs	Coil	NA	NA	Read/Write	Turn coil ON (1) to reset total on WIN Turn coil to OFF (0)once reset is complete
11	Aux Output 1	Coil	NA	NA	Read/Write	Turn coil ON (1) to latch Aux I/O # 1 closed. Turn coil to OFF (0) to latch I/O # 1 open. Aux I/O # 1 must have been configured as an output at the factory, and programmed for "MODBUS Coil" in the commissioning menu.
12	Aux Output 2	Coil	NA	NA	Read/Write	Turn coil ON (1) to latch Aux I/O # 2 closed. Turn coil to OFF (0) to latch I/O # 2 open. Aux I/O # 2 must have been configured as an output at the factory, and programmed for "MODBUS Coil" in the commissioning menu.
13	Aux Output 3	Coil	NA	NA	Read/Write	Turn coil ON (1) to latch Aux I/O # 3 closed. Turn coil to OFF (0) to latch I/O # 3 open. Aux I/O # 3 must have been configured as an output at the factory, and programmed for "MODBUS Coil" in the commissioning menu.

Register Address	Description	Register Type	Register Type	Comments
30009	Volume Rate - GPM	Input Register	Floating Point Register (1 of 2)	
30010	Volume Rate - GPM	Input Register	Floating Point Register (2 of 2)	
30011	Volume Rate - L/s	Input Register	Floating Point Register (1 of 2)	
30012	Volume Rate - L/s	Input Register	Floating Point Register (2 of 2)	
30013	Volume Rate - ft³/min	Input Register	Floating Point Register (1 of 2)	
30014	Volume Rate - ft³/min	Input Register	Floating Point Register (2 of 2)	
30015	Volume Rate - m³/hr	Input Register	Floating Point Register (1 of 2)	
30016	Volume Rate - m³/hr	Input Register	Floating Point Register (2 of 2)	
30017	Flow Temperature - °F	Input Register	Floating Point Register (1 of 2)	Temperature measured by RTD in flow meter
30018	Flow Temperature - °F	Input Register	Floating Point Register (2 of 2)	Temperature measured by RTD in flow meter
30019	Flow Temperature - °C	Input Register	Floating Point Register (1 of 2)	Temperature measured by RTD in flow meter
30020	Flow Temperature - °C	Input Register	Floating Point Register (2 of 2)	Temperature measured by RTD in flow meter
30029	Signal Strength (No units)	Input Register	Floating Point Register (1 of 2)	Range = 1-31; 1 is highest signal strength; 31 is lowest signal strength
30030	Signal Strength (No units)	Input Register	Floating Point Register (2 of 2)	Range = 1-31; 1 is highest signal strength; 31 is lowest signal strength
30031	Signal Quality (No units)	Input Register	Floating Point Register (1 of 2)	
30032	Signal Quality (No units)	Input Register	Floating Point Register (2 of 2)	
30033	Speed of Sound - ft/sec	Input Register	Floating Point Register (1 of 2)	Measured speed of sound of the fluid in the pipe
30034	Speed of Sound - ft/sec	Input Register	Floating Point Register (2 of 2)	Measured speed of sound of the fluid in the pipe
30035	Speed of Sound - m/sec	Input Register	Floating Point Register (1 of 2)	Measured speed of sound of the fluid in the pipe
30036	Speed of Sound - m/sec	Input Register	Floating Point Register (2 of 2)	Measured speed of sound of the fluid in the pipe
30157	Volume Total - Gal	Input Register	Floating Point Register (1 of 2)	
30157	Volume Total - Gal	Input Register	Floating Point Register (2 of 2)	
30158	Volume Total - Liters	Input Register	Floating Point Register (2 of 2)	
30159	Volume Total - Liters	Input Register	Floating Point Register (2 of 2)	
30161	Volume Total - ft ³	Input Register	Floating Point Register (2 of 2)	
30162	Volume Total - ft ³	Input Register	Floating Point Register (2 of 2)	
30163	Volume Total - m³	Input Register	Floating Point Register (2 of 2)	
30164	Volume Total - m³	Input Register	Floating Point Register (2 of 2)	
30104	Year to Date Volume Total - Gal	Input Register	Floating Point Register (2 of 2)	
30182	Year to Date Volume Total - Gal	 	Floating Point Register (2 of 2)	
	 	Input Register		
30183	Year to Date Volume Total - Liters	Input Register	Floating Point Register (1 of 2)	

30184	Year to Date Volume Total - Liters	Input Register	Floating Point Register (2 of 2)	
30184	Year to Date Volume Total - ft ³	 	Floating Point Register (2 of 2)	
		Input Register		
30186	Year to Date Volume Total - ft ³ Year to Date Volume Total - m ³	Input Register	Floating Point Register (2 of 2)	+
30187		Input Register	Floating Point Register (1 of 2)	
30188	Year to Date Volume Total - m ³	Input Register	Floating Point Register (2 of 2)	
30205	Previous Year Volume Total - Gal	Input Register	Floating Point Register (1 of 2)	
30206	Previous Year Volume Total - Gal	Input Register	Floating Point Register (2 of 2)	
30207	Previous Year Volume Total - Liters	Input Register	Floating Point Register (1 of 2)	
30208	Previous Year Volume Total - Liters	Input Register	Floating Point Register (2 of 2)	
30209	Previous Year Volume Total - ft ³	Input Register	Floating Point Register (1 of 2)	
30210	Previous Year Volume Total - ft ³	Input Register	Floating Point Register (2 of 2)	
30211	Previous Year Volume Total - m ³	Input Register	Floating Point Register (1 of 2)	
30212	Previous Year Volume Total - m ³	Input Register	Floating Point Register (2 of 2)	
30229	User Defined Volume Total - Gal	Input Register	Floating Point Register (1 of 2)	
30230	User Defined Volume Total - Gal	Input Register	Floating Point Register (2 of 2)	
30231	User Defined Volume Total - Liters	Input Register	Floating Point Register (1 of 2)	
30233	User Defined Volume Total - ft ³	Input Register	Floating Point Register (1 of 2)	
30234	User Defined Volume Total - ft ³	Input Register	Floating Point Register (2 of 2)	
30235	User Defined Volume Total - m³	Input Register	Floating Point Register (1 of 2)	
30236	User Defined Volume Total - m ³	Input Register	Floating Point Register (2 of 2)	
30253	Auxiliary Pulse Input Count- Input 1	Input Register	Floating Point Register (1 of 2)	Unitless count. Value is representative of the total number of pulses received on input.
30254	Auxiliary Pulse Input Count- Input 1	Input Register	Floating Point Register (2 of 2)	Unitless count. Value is representative of the total number of pulses received on input.
30255	Auxiliary Pulse Input Count- Input 2	Input Register	Floating Point Register (1 of 2)	Unitless count. Value is representative of the total number of pulses received on input.
30256	Auxiliary Pulse Input Count- Input 2	Input Register	Floating Point Register (2 of 2)	Unitless count. Value is representative of the total number of pulses received on input.
30257	Auxiliary Pulse Input Count- Input 3	Input Register	Floating Point Register (1 of 2)	Unitless count. Value is representative of the total number of pulses received on input.
30258	Auxiliary Pulse Input Count- Input 3	Input Register	Floating Point Register (2 of 2)	Unitless count. Value is representative of the total number of pulses received on input.
30259	Run Hours	Input Register	Floating Point Register (1 of 2)	
30260	Run Hours	Input Register	Floating Point Register (2 of 2)	
30261	Meter Status	Input Register	Short Integer Register	0 Normal 7 Low Signal Quality 8 Comm error 9 Low Supply Voltage 10 System Fault

6.2 DIAGNOSTIC FUNCTION CODE

The MODBUS implementation of the WIN meter supports the use of function code 08, Diagnostic.

When using function code 08, you must also specify the "sub-function" code when sending the message to the WIN.

The following sub-functions are supported by the WIN:

Sub-function Code		Name	
Hex	Decimal	Name	
00	00	Return Query Data	
01	01	Restart Communications Option	
04	04	Force Listen Only Mode	
0B	11	Return Bus Message Count*	
0C	12	Return Bus Communication Error Count*	
0D	13	Return Bus Exception Error Count*	
0E	14	Return Server Message Count ¹	
0F	15	Return Server No Response Count ¹	
11	17	Return Server Busy Count ¹	
12	18	Return Bus Character Overrun Count ¹	

^{*} Count available in WIN diagnostic menu page 1.

Description of Sub-functions:

00 Return Query Data

The data passed to the WIN in the request data field is to be returned (looped back) in the response. The entire response message should be identical to the request.

01 Restart Communications Option

The WIN serial line port will be initialized and restarted, and all of its communications event counters are cleared. If the port is currently in Listen Only Mode, no response is returned. This function is the only one that brings the port out of Listen Only Mode. If the port is not currently in Listen Only Mode, a normal response is returned. This occurs before the restart is executed.

04 Force Listen Only Mode

Forces the WIN to its Listen Only Mode for MODBUS communications. This isolates it from the other devices on the network, allowing them to continue communicating without interruption from the addressed WIN. No response is returned. When the remote device enters its Listen Only Mode, all active communication controls are turned off. The Ready watchdog timer is allowed to expire, locking the controls off. While the device is in this mode, any MODBUS messages addressed to it or broadcast are monitored, but no actions will be taken and no responses will be sent.

The only function that will be processed after the mode is entered will be the Restart Communications Option function (function code 8, sub-function 1).

¹ Count available in WIN diagnostic menu page 2.

11 (0B Hex) Return Bus Message Count

The response data field from the WIN returns the quantity of messages that it has detected on the communications system since its last restart, restart communications option, or power-up.

This count is also available in the WIN's diagnostic menu page.

12 (OC Hex) Return Bus Communication Error Count

The response data field returns the quantity of CRC errors encountered by the WIN since its last restart, restart communications option, or power-up.

This count is also available in the WIN's diagnostic menu page.

13 (OD Hex) Return Bus Exception Error Count

The response data field returns the quantity of MODBUS exception responses returned by the WIN since its last restart, restart communications option, or power-up.

This count is also available in the WIN's diagnostic menu page.

14 (OE Hex) Return Server Message Count

The response data field returns the quantity of messages addressed to the WIN, or broadcast, that the WIN has processed since its last restart, restart communications option, or power-up.

This count is also available in the WIN's diagnostic menu page.

15 (OF Hex) Return Server No Response Count

The response data field returns the quantity of messages addressed to the WIN for which it has returned no response (neither a normal response nor an exception response), since its last restart, restart communications option, or power-up.

This count is also available in the WIN's diagnostic menu page.

17 (11 Hex) Return Server Busy Count

The response data field returns the quantity of messages addressed to the WIN for which it returned a Server Device Busy exception response, since its last restart, restart communications option, or power-up.

This count is also available in the WIN's diagnostic menu page.

18 (12 Hex) Return Bus Character Overrun Count

The response data field returns the quantity of messages addressed to the WIN that it could not handle due to a character overrun condition, since its last restart, restart communications option, or power-up. A character overrun is caused by data characters arriving at the port faster than they can be stored, or by the loss of a character due to a hardware malfunction.

This count is also available in the WIN's diagnostic menu page.

6.3 REPORT SLAVE ID FUNCTION CODE

The MODBUS implementation of the WIN supports the use of function code 17, Report Slave ID.

When a message is sent to the WIN requesting to report the slave ID, the following information is returned:

WIN-XXXXXX; where XXXXXX - serial number of the WIN

The WIN will report data in decimal or HEX, depending on the control system settings. The data must be converted from decimal/HEX to ASCII in order to form the string.

SECTION 7.0: AUXILIARY INPUTS AND OUTPUTS

7.1 DETERMINING AUXILIARY INPUT AND OUTPUT CONFIGURATION

The AW-Lake WIN meter can be configured from the factory to provide a variety of auxiliary input and output configurations. Once configured at the factory, the function of the auxiliary terminal cannot be changed. However, how the input is described on the LCD display, or how the output is programmed, can be changed in the field during the commissioning process.

To determine how the auxiliary inputs and outputs are configured on your WIN, reference the model number string of your meter:

Meter Model Number Coding = WIN-AAA-BCD-EF

F = Analog & Pulse Input / Output Configuration (Not field configurable)

0 = 3 pulse inputs

1 = 3 pulse outputs

2 = 2 pulse inputs & 1 pulse output

3 = 1 pulse input & 2 pulse outputs

4 = 1 analog output & 2 pulse inputs

5 = 1 analog output & 2 pulse outputs

6 = 1 analog output, 1 pulse input & 1 pulse output

7.2 AUXILIARY INPUTS

When configured with auxiliary pulse inputs, your WIN will be equipped with the ability to bring in local dry contact and open collector pulses to be displayed on the WIN LCD screen as well as the (RS485) output.

Input Rating:

For use with open collector sinking and dry contact pulse outputs only.

Pulse Duration – 50 ms minimum Sinking Current – 1 mA maximum

The default LCD page description for each auxiliary input is "Counts." This is because each pulse is a count of an accumulated value from the remote device. The WIN allows for the user to change this description through the commissioning process. To repeat the commissioning process after it has already been completed once, please follow the steps in Appendix 2.

It is important to understand that the local aux input description on the WIN only appears on the LCD display. The value transmitted over the (RS485) network will be a unitless count regardless of the description programmed into the WIN. The MODBUS memory map, which describes the register locations for the aux input count and the coils to reset them to zero, are located in section 7.1.

7.3 AUXILIARY OUTPUTS

When configured with auxiliary pulse outputs, your WIN will be equipped with the ability to send contact closure pulses for use with a remote totalizer or building automation system.

Output Rating:

Contact closure output.

Pulse Duration – Selectable 50 ms, 100 ms, 500 ms (default), or 1,000 ms Contact rating – 50 mA, 30 VDC maximum

If the WIN is configured with pulse outputs, the displayed total menu pages that correspond to each pulse output will indicate the pulse output number and the scaling for the pulse output. The engineering unit associated with the displayed total will also apply to the pulse output. Both the function of the pulse output, as well as the scaling, can be changed during the commission process. To repeat the commissioning process after it has already been completed, please follow the steps in Appendix 2.

7.3.1 Pulse Outputs

The following pulse outputs are available from the WIN:

Total Volume - Units match LCD totalizer. Output can be scaled for 1, 10, or 100. Example: if configured for 10, the meter will require 10 LCD display accumulations before a pulse output is provided.

Alarm - Latching output. The output will remain open when the meter is not in alarm, and will latch closed when the meter is in alarm. A list of alarms can be found in section 5.0, Diagnostic Functions.

MODBUS Coil - Latching output. The output will remain open when the MODBUS coil associated with the auxiliary terminal is inactive, and the output will latch shut when the coil is activated. The MODBUS memory map which describes the registers associated with the coils, and how to use them, is described in Section 7.1, MODBUS Memory Map.

7.4 ANALOG OUTPUT

When configured with an auxiliary analog output, your WIN with optional LCD display will be equipped with the ability to send a single analog signal to a remote device or building automation system. The analog output can be programmed in the commissioning menu for 4-20 mA, 0-5 V, or 0-10 V output types. The factory default is 4-20 mA. To repeat the commissioning process after it has already been completed once, please follow the steps in Appendix 2.

The following meter values are available to be mapped to the analog output:

Volume Rate Fluid Temperature

The analog output minimum and maximum are also configured in the commissioning menu. The minimum value set in programming will be what the 4 mA or 0 V is equivalent to. The maximum value set in programming will be what the 20 mA/5 V/10 V is equivalent to.

Example: A 4-20 mA analog output configured as fluid temperature with a minimum of 30 and maximum of 80 will have an output signal of $4-20 \text{ mA} = 30 - 80^{\circ} \text{ F}$.

The units of measurement for the analog output will match the LCD description on the WIN. When cycling through the WIN run pages, if the WIN is equipped with an analog output, the page which corresponds to the analog output will have the output signal type and scaling shown on it.

APPENDIX A

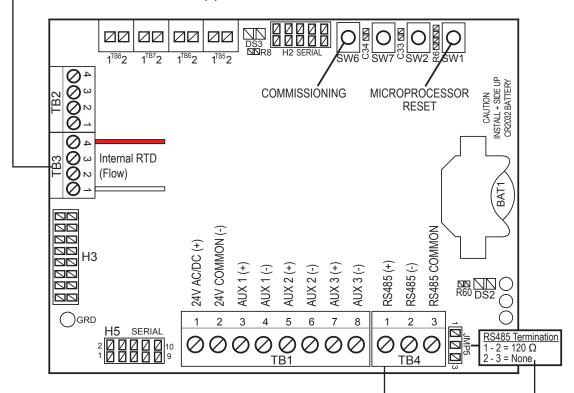
A-1	WIN	FLOW	WIRING	DIAGRAM

- A-2 CHANGING BACNET SETTINGS OR METER PROGRAMMING AFTER COMMISSIONING
- A-3 SELECTING THE RIGHT METER & CALCULATING PRESSURE LOSS

WIN WIRING DIAGRAM

Flow (internal) Temperature Sensor*				
Name Terminal # Description				
1000 ohm	TB2-1	RTD signal wire		
Not used	TB2-2	No Connection		
Not used	TB2-3	No Connection		
1000 ohm RTD	TB2-4	RTD signal wire		

^{*} This sensor must be in the same pipe as the flow sensor.



Power and Signal Inputs (18 - 22 AWG wire)							
Name	Terminal #	Description					
24V AC/DC (+)	TB1-1	12 - 36 VAC, 50/60 Hz, 5 VA max. 12-42 VDC, 5 W max.					
24V AC/DC Common (-)	TB1-2						
Aux I/O # 1 (+)	TB1-3	Configured as either input or output at factory. Output rating					
Aux I/O # 1 (-)	TB1-4	Pulse Output: Pulse duration: Selectable 50, 100, 500, or 1,000 ms					
Aux I/O # 2 (+)	TB1-5	Contact ratings: 50 mA, 30 VDC max. Analog Output (AUX I/O # 3 only): Selectable: 4-20 mA, 0-10 VDC, 0-5 VDC					
Aux I/O # 2 (-)	TB1-6	Input rating					
Aux I/O # 3 (+)	TB1-7	For use with open collector sinking and dry contact outputs only. Pulse duration: 50 ms min.					
Aux I/O # 3 (-)	TB1-8	Sinking Current: 1 mA max.					

RS485 Termination Resistor						
Name	JMP5	Description				
120 ohm	Position 1	Jumper Position 1 & 2				
120 ohm	Position 2	= 120 ohms				
None	Position 3	Jumper Position 2 & 3 = No Termination				

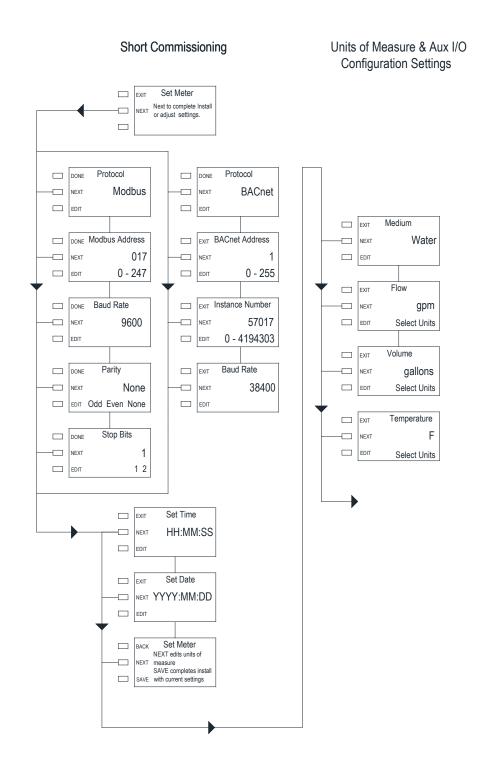
RS485 (20 - 24 AWG wire)						
Name	TB4	Description				
RS485 B (+)	TB4-1	RS485 Unit Load = 1/4				
RS485 A (-)	TB4-2	Recommended Devices				
RS485 Common	TB4-3	per Segment = 32				

CHANGING (RS485) SETTINGS OR METER PROGRAMMING AFTER COMMISSIONING

(RS485) settings and meter programming can be changed after commissioning is complete. In order to accomplish this it will be necessary to re-open the enclosure (Refer to section 3.4). Once the cover is open locate the commissioning button.

Briefly press COMMISSIONING once to re-enter the (RS485) and date/time settings menu shown below. Press the DONE button at any time to save changes and exit.

To re-enter the units of measure setting menu pages shown below, press and hold the COMMISSIONING button for 5 seconds. Press DONE button at any time to save the changes and exit.

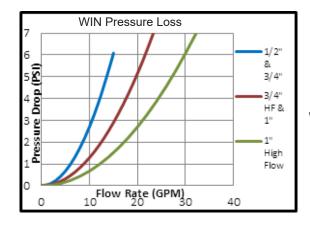


SELECTING THE RIGHT METER & CALCULATING PRESSURE LOSS

For optimum performance, meters should be selected by the process connection size and expected design* flow rate for the application. In some cases AW-Lake offers more than one flow rate range option based on the process connection size. The following information is provided to assist in selecting the most appropriate meter size for your application.

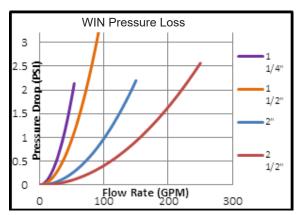
- 1. Select the preferred process connection size.
- 2. Review the design flow rate and maximum flow rate for the meter you have selected. Where more than one choice is available, choose the meter that most closely matches your expected design flow rate with the meter's stated design flow rate.
- 3. If your design flow rate is significantly higher than that of the meter you have chosen, determine the pressure drop for your design flow rate using the chart below and confirm that it is acceptable for your application. If necessary, select a meter with a larger process connection size to achieve an acceptable pressure drop for your application.

Meter Size	Process Connection Type	Typical Design Flow	1% of Rate Flow Range	2% of Rate Flow Range	Minimum Flow	C _v
(Nominal)	(Nominal)	(gpm)	(gpm)	(gpm)	(gpm)	(gpm)
1/2"	Male NPT	6.6	0.6 – 15	0.15 – 15	0.03	6.08
3/4"	Male NPT	6.6	0.6 – 15	0.15 – 15	0.03	6.08
¾" (high flow)	Male NPT	11	1 – 25	0.25 – 25	0.05	8.81
1"	Male NPT	11	1 – 25	0.25 – 25	0.05	8.81
1" (high flow)	Male NPT	15.4	1.4 – 35	0.35 – 35	0.07	12.17
11⁄4"	Male NPT	26.4	3 – 60	0.6 – 60	0.12	36.95
1½"	Male NPT	44	5 – 100	1 – 100	0.2	51.20
2"	Male NPT	66	8 – 150	1.5 – 150	0.3	101.2
2½"	Class 150 Flange	110	12 - 225	2.5 - 250	0.5	156.2





Where: Q = Flow Rate (GPM) Cv = Flow Coefficient Δp = Pressure Loss (PSI)



^{*}AW-Lake defines the "design" flow rate as the maximum continuous flow expected by the application under normal operating conditions. The pressure drop for AW-Lake design flow rates is ≤1.7 psi.



414.574.4300 | www.aw-lake.com 2440 W. Corporate Preserve Dr. #600 Oak Creek, WI 53154